

## Small earth-built housing costing 24.5.2021

These are rough figures from my records, not set out here as clearly as possible.

### Assumptions:

1 squ foot = .093 squ m.

1 cubic m = 35.32 cubic feet.

1 cubic foot = 0.028 cubic metres

Floor area  $4 \times 4 + 5 \times 3 + \text{upstairs } 2.5 \times 7 = 16 + 15 + 17.5 = 48.5 \text{ m}^2$

Wall length 21.5 m

### Concrete:

Assume concrete, cement 20 kg bag @ \$9/ bag + sand @ \$25/t + gravel @ \$80/t, and 1 bag yields = 2 cf cement + 4 cf sand + 2cf gravel = 8cf concrete. = .224 cubic metres

so 1 cubic metre of cement needs 4.5 bags of cement + = 10 bags of sand + = 4.5 bags of gravel.

### Costs. (Red = checked.)

Sand \$25/t (\$25 for 1 t =  $25 \times 1.6$  for 1 m<sup>3</sup> = \$40 So  $40/35.3 = \underline{\$1.13 / \text{cu.ft.}}$

$= 1.23 \times 35 = \underline{\$43 / \text{m}^3}$

gravel \$ 15/ t

= \$0.7

= \$24.5/m<sup>3</sup>

Sand is 1.6 t/m<sup>3</sup> gravel 1.5 t/m<sup>3</sup>

So concrete 1 bag cement \$9 + {2 cf gravel = \$.140} + {4 x \$1.13} = \$.452} = **\$14.9**

So 1 bag of cement yields 8 cf concrete costing \$14.9,

So for 1 m<sup>3</sup> of concrete you need  $35.3/8$  as much = i.e., 4.35 times as much of all ingredients = \$64.8 **So 1 m<sup>3</sup> of concrete costs \$64.8**

### PRICES.

Wood Bunnings 120X35 = \$6.29/M

90x 45 (so = 3x2+) = \$4.41

90x35 = \$3.17

75x45 = \$3.16/m

3x2 assume \$3.50/m

75x25 = assume \$1.50/m

19x12 assume \$ .9

<https://www.bunnings.com.au/products/building-hardware/timber/framing-timber/structural-pine/untreated-structural-pine>

So assume rafters and floor bearers as if 6x1.5" (piers are close) = \$7/m

3x2 at

\$3/m

Common brick \$.99 Bunnings

Ply c \$30 for 2.4x1.2 m sheet = \$10.3/m<sup>2</sup>

Fibro" \$8.96/m<sup>2</sup>

Ant caps c \$3.50 bunnings, but tiny cost home made is .c \$2.50

Corrugated iron \$16/m<sup>2</sup> Bunnings

### EMBODIED ENERGY

Cement mixed 1.33mj/kg, density 1.4, so 1400kg/m<sup>3</sup> =1,868mj/m<sup>3</sup>

Timber 8.5 density 500 g/l mid range

**But unnamed source c under 2.5???? so use 4.**

Steel 20

Roof tin is my estimate 3.79 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, so @ 20 = 75.8 MJ/m<sup>2</sup>

But table says 34.8

Stainless steel 56

Gravel

Glass 15 googled 13

Glass density is 2.6 t/m<sup>3</sup>, so for 3mm glass, i.e., 330 sheet in a metre = 7.8 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

@15 MJ/kg 1 MN<sup>2</sup> = 7.8X 13 = 101MJ/m<sup>2</sup>

Insulation 88

Clay tile 6.5

Paint water 60

Roofing iron; assume .4 mm thick,

1 sheet = 2m<sup>2</sup> (Bunnings)

@ .4 mm = 200cm<sup>2</sup> .4x1/100cm = 40 cc

(<https://roofonline.com/weight-of-roofing-materials>)

I measured above at 3.7 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, therefore 75.8mj/m<sup>2</sup>

Wood 8.5MJ/kg

\*= checked

Density .5... = 500kg/m<sup>3</sup> = .5 kg/1litre = 500kg/m<sup>3</sup> = 4250mj/m<sup>3</sup>

120x35 = 4,200 mm<sup>2</sup> = 42 cm<sup>2</sup> = 4200cm<sup>3</sup>/m @ .5 density =2100g/m

= 2.1kg/m =17.8MJ/m\*\*

90x 45 = 4050mm<sup>2</sup> 2 2.02 17\*

90x35 = 3150 15.8\*

75x45 = 3375 16.9 \*

3x2 3750 18.8\*

75x25 = 1875 7.8.\*

19x12 228 1

### Footings:

Small crushed stone ( or blue metal) rammed in trench

23.5m wall length x.45 m x .3 m; = 3.2 m<sup>3</sup> @\$24.5 m<sup>3</sup> =

\$78.4

ASSUME 1 m<sup>3</sup> = 1.5 t and 1 t = 2.5 mj, so 1 m<sup>3</sup> = 3.75 MJ\*

so  $3.2 \text{ m}^3 = \underline{12 \text{ mj}}$

If add 6 mm steel reinforcing rods set one above the other in cement,

So 2 at 22 m = 20 m.

assume \$2/m =

\$88

Assume 30 kg 440MJ

Set in cement "girder" at core of footing, 22m x .1 m x .2 m

=  $.45 \text{ m}^3 = .45 \times \$64$

=

\$29

Density = 2.5 kg/l so  $1 \text{ m}^3 = 2500 \text{ kg}$  and  $.45 \text{ m}^3 = 450 \text{ kg}$

=

Energy = 1.9 MJ/kg

So energy =  $1.9 \times 450 = \underline{855 \text{ MJ}}$

### Floor:

Rammed earth with plastic damp course and 3 mm cement and chicken wire sealing on top. Could tile over top.

Cement  $31 \text{ m}^2 \times 3 \text{ cm} = 31 \times .03 \text{ m}^3 = .93 \text{ m}^3 = 1.2 \times \$64.75$

=

\$60

$1.33 \text{ mj/kg}$  (when mixed with sand etc.)  $\times 1200 \text{ kg} = 1,596 \text{ mj}$

2" chicken wire, 50mx.9 m roll, \$65(?) = \$1.44/m<sup>2</sup>

So 40mx \$1.44 =

\$58

30 kg x 20 MJ = 600 MJ

Membrane waterproofing. Assume \$50 ?

Assume 10kg x 80mj/k = 800 MJ

### Walls. Length 23.5m

30 cm thick, rammed earth or cob.

Lower level 23.5 m long x 2.5 m high =  $59 \text{ m}^2 \times .3 \text{ m} = \underline{20 \text{ m}^3}$ ,

Upper level triangles  $12.5 \text{ m}^2 \times .3 = \underline{3.8 \text{ m}^3}$

Total 24 m<sup>3</sup> but windows to subtract

minus windows  $2 @ 1.2 \times .9 = 1.08 \text{ m}^2$

$2 @ .8 \times .9 = 1.4 \text{ m}^2$

=  $2.5 \text{ m}^3 \times .3 = \underline{.8 \text{ m}^3}$

Minus 2 doors = 1.7 m<sup>2</sup> each = 3.4m<sup>2</sup> saves  $3.4 \times .3 \text{ m}^3 = \underline{1.2 \text{ m}^3}$  earth

So **Total earth in walls** is  $24 - 2 = 22 \text{ m}^3$

= tank 2 m high 1.9 m diameter  
3 m high r = 2.7 m  
5,500 gal

At 3 cf per barrow load =  $1/12 \text{ m}^3$ , or 8 loads per  $\text{m}^3$ , you **need 178 loads**

Tin white ant capping, homemade, 22 m x .45 m wide = 10 m<sup>2</sup>  
One 8x4ft sheets i.e., 2.4m x 1.20 m = 2.9 m<sup>2</sup> @ \$60?/sheet = \$20.7 / m<sup>2</sup>.  
So 10 x \$20.7 =

**\$207**

Assume 10kg = 200 MJ

Reinforcing braces ; long 4 @ c 8m = 32 m @ \$3 stainless

**\$60**

30 mj/kg stainless

Assume 5 kg @ 35 MJ =

165 MJ

### Windows:

Home made. Housing surrounds are pre cast 3 cm cement + chicken wire.,  
(to prevent white ants), hinges bolted into  
total length top and sides and sills, 17.4 m

volume average 3 cm x 7.5 cm = 23 cm<sup>2</sup>x17.4 m = .023m<sup>2</sup>x17.40 m<sup>2</sup> = .4m<sup>2</sup>  
concrete=

= \$26

Each window two casement panels, hinged at sides.

Window frame wood 19x50mm x 17 m

12 x 19 mm strip x 17 m

= c 38m x \$1 ? =

**\$38**

17m 50x19 assume 3 mj/m = 51 mj

17 m 19x15@ 1mj = 17mj

Glass from \$38/m<sup>2</sup> up, assume \$50/m<sup>2</sup>, so for 2.5 m<sup>2</sup>

**\$125**

@ 101MJ/m<sup>2</sup> = 250 MJ

Putty.

**\$10**

Like paint...?? 60 mj

Doors;

**Bunnings external \$260-360.**

Three. Homemade \$100 (redo; should be much less) thick ply, 3+x1" each side + lock. \$150

Housing/surrounds 3 cm cement 5.5mx 23 cm<sup>2</sup> = .13 m<sup>2</sup> =

\$9

Door knobs and lock, Bunnings from \$11, assume 3 @ \$20 =

\$60

??

150??

### Upper floor.

Bearers 13 spaced at 60- cm = c 58 m<sup>2</sup>.

Bunnings rough 6x1, \$6.3

\$365

58x17.8 = 1,032MJ

So

\$100

Reinforcing?? By 6 mm steel rods diagonally stressing each second bearer, 42 m

=7 @ 3.5m =25m x \$2/m =

\$50

Or could be supported by diagonals from roof bearers above...

Floor, Yellow tongue panels, c 38 m<sup>2</sup> 2.9m<sup>2</sup> costs \$42,

so 31.5m<sup>2</sup> =\$14.5/m<sup>2</sup> so =

\$457

But edges need not be yellow tongue...ignore??

Ply is 15, so assume 60?????

1800

Weight?

Stairs 2@3m + (17 @ 60cm steps, of c120x 3cm wood, = 10m) = 16 m @\$6.3m =

\$101\*

285mj

### Roof

10 undressed bearers 125?x35, spaced at .8m, x 4.5 m to enable eaves= 90 m x

\$6.3/m<sup>2</sup> =

\$567\*

1602 mj

Battens for iron, 6 x 7 m = 42 of 75x 25 SW @ \$3??

\$126

63

Tin -- area of floor 31 m<sup>2</sup>, so area roofed = c 43 m<sup>2</sup>  
Multiply by 1.3 for pitch/peak = 52 m<sup>2</sup>  
at \$15 for .8 m<sup>2</sup> = \$19/m<sup>2</sup>,

**\$988**

CHECKING

52 m<sup>2</sup> x 76 MJ/m<sup>2</sup> = 3,952MJ

But new figure is 35 so 1820

### **End walls upstairs.**

7.5 m<sup>2</sup> + 3.75 + 3 m<sup>2</sup> outside = 14.5 minus 1.4 windows = 13 m<sup>2</sup>  
waterproof + inside ply (Below).

Studs 13 m

### **Lining.**

41 m<sup>2</sup> upstairs roof = @ \$9m<sup>2</sup> for fibro

**\$370**

15mj/m<sup>2</sup> so 600MJ

### **Insulation**

end walls upstairs 13 m<sup>2</sup>

Roof 8m slopes x 6.8 av length = 55 m<sup>2</sup>

Total 68 m<sup>2</sup> = x\$7.5 =

Google \$50 for 6 m<sup>2</sup> = \$7.5/m<sup>2</sup>, so

**\$510**

Table says 139mj/m<sup>3</sup> so if 3" then 13.3/m<sup>2</sup>, so 139 mj for 13.3 m, so you need

5 packs so 5x139mj = 695 mj

### **Bathroom, laundry, toilet**

Benches, not appliances

Toilet unit \$150

Sink + taps ?? \$100

Shower + taps ?? \$60

Washing tum \$150

**Lighting; 4 LEDs, switches, wire** ?? \$60

Plumbing pipe Polypipe + fittings \$100

**Fasteners.**

**Paint**

Assume \$13/l,

earth wall inside = 75 m2, (ignoring windows and doors assuming those = cupboards etc.

roof 9 x 8.5 = 77 m2 1 l of Dulux covers 16 m2; so 4 tins = 64 m2 paint

\$150??

Floor included??

4 tins – 16 litres =

1440mj

**Tank**

	<u>Total;</u>	New tally	MJ
Footing	120	97	1307 if cement
Floor	136	168	2996
Walls	390	267	365
Windows	125	199	327
Doors	220	220	150
Upper floor			
bearers		364	1032
Stairs		101	285
Yellow tongue		457	1800
Doors	210	220	150
Roof			
Bearers		567	1665
Battens		126	in
tin	3000	988	1820
Lining	969	370	600
Insulation	224	510	595
Paint	150		1440

Toilet unit \$150

Sink + taps ?? \$100

Shower + tap \$60 ??

Washing tub \$150

Lighting \$60

Plumbing \$100 770

**Old estimate \$6998 = \$102/m2**

**New \$7000 = \$149/m<sup>2</sup>**

Minimal (\$150,000) house = x 21/1

But average house is 186 m<sup>2</sup> = x 2.86 times the area.= x

Cost per m<sup>2</sup> \$1332/149= c 9/1

These two should be the same; but the  
two assumptions are from different  
sources.

Energy sum 12,689 without cement floor girders

13,996 including them. (not including the fittings list)

=1.4% of normal = 3.8% if this small house was built to normal house size.